Manual No. : KM-1M7-E Vol. No. : W1M7-E-00

# Workshop Manual



Service Manual (Manual No. KM-1M7-E) consists of the following two separate volumes;

Technical Manual : Vol. No. T1M7-E Workshop Manual : Vol. No. W1M7-E

#### RECOGNIZE SAFETY INFORMATION

- These are the SAFETY ALERT SYMBOLS.
  - When you see these symbols on your machine or in this manual, be alert to the potential for personal injury.
  - Follow recommended precautions and safe operating practices.





SA-688

#### UNDERSTAND SIGNAL WORDS

- On machine safety signs, signal words designating the degree or level of hazard - DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION - are used with the safety alert symbol.
  - DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
  - WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
  - CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.
  - DANGER or WARNING safety signs are located near specific hazards. General precautions are listed on CAUTION safety signs.
  - Some safety signs don't use any of the designated signal words above after the safety alert symbol are occasionally used on this machine.
- CAUTION also calls attention to safety messages in this manual.
- To avoid confusing machine protection with personal safety messages, a signal word IMPORTANT indicates a situation which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the machine.
- NOTE indicates an additional explanation for an element of information.

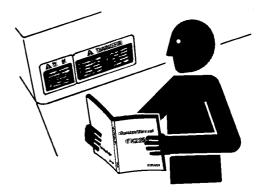


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#### **SAFETY**

#### FOLLOW SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

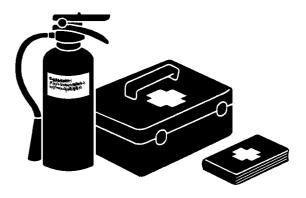
- Carefully read and follow all safety signs on the machine as well as all safety messages in this manual.
- Safety signs must be installed, maintained and replaced if damaged.
  - If a safety sign or this manual is damaged or missing, order a replacement from your nearest Hitachi dealer in the same way you order other replacement parts (be sure to state machine model and serial number when ordering).
- Allow only properly trained, qualified, authorized personnel to operate the machine.
- Learn how to correctly operate and service the machine.
- Keep your machine in proper working condition.
- Always operate the machine within the specification.
  - Unauthorized modifications of the machine may impair the functions and/or safety and affect machine life and the warranty will become void.
- The safety messages in this SAFETY chapter are intended to illustrate basic safety procedures of machines. However it is impossible for these safety messages to cover every possible hazardous situation you may encounter. If you have any questions concerning safety, you should first consult your supervisor and/or your nearest Hitachi dealer before operating or performing maintenance work on the machine.



SA-003

#### PREPARE FOR EMERGENCIES

- Be prepared if a fire starts or if an accident occurs.
  - Keep a first aid kit and fire extinguisher on hand.
  - Thoroughly read and understand the label attached on the fire extinguisher and use it properly.
  - To ensure that a fire-extinguisher can be always used when necessary, check and service the fire-extinguisher at the recommended intervals as specified in the fire-extinguisher manual.
  - Establish emergency procedure guidelines to cope with any fire or accidents which may occur.
  - Keep emergency numbers for doctors, ambulance service, hospitals, and fire department posted near your telephone.



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#### **SAFETY**

#### WEAR PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

Wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate to the job.

You may need:

A hard hat

Safety belt

Safety shoes

Safety glasses, goggles, or face shield

Heavy gloves

Hearing protection

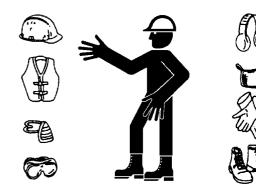
Reflective clothing

Wet weather gear

Respirator or filter mask.

Be sure to wear the correct equipment and clothing for the job. Do not take any chances.

- Avoid wearing loose clothing, jewelry, or other items that can catch on control levers or other parts of the machine.
- Operating equipment safely requires the full attention of the operator.
  - Do not wear radio or music headphones while operating the machine.



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#### **PROTECT AGAINST NOISE**

- Prolonged exposure to loud noise can cause impairment or loss of hearing.
  - Wear a suitable hearing protective device such as earmuffs or earplugs to protect against objectionable or uncomfortably loud noises.



SA-434

#### **INSPECT MACHINE DAILY**

- If any abnormality is found, be sure to repair it immediately before operating the machine.
  - In the walk-around inspection, be sure to cover all points described in the "PRE-START INSPECTION" chapter in the operator's manual.



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#### **GENERAL / Precautions for Disassembling and Assembling**

## PRECAUTIONS FOR DISASSEMBLING AND ASSEMBLING

#### **Precautions for Disassembling and Assembling**

#### Clean the Machine

Thoroughly wash the machine before bringing it into the shop. Bringing a dirty machine into the shop may cause machine components to be contaminated during disassembling/assembling, resulting in damage to machine components, as well as decreased efficiency in service work.

#### • Inspect the Machine

Be sure to thoroughly understand all disassem-bling/assembling procedures beforehand, to help avoid incorrect disassembling of components as well as personal injury.

Check and record the items listed below to prevent

problems from occurring in the future.

- The machine model, machine serial number, and hour meter reading.
- Reason for disassembly (symptoms, failed parts, and causes).
- Clogging of filters and oil, water or air leaks, if anv.
- · Capacities and condition of lubricants.
- · Loose or damaged parts.
- Prepare and Clean Tools and Disassembly Area

Prepare the necessary tools to be used and the area for disassembling work.

#### Precautions for Disassembling

- To prevent dirt from entering, cap or plug the removed pipes.
- Before disassembling, clean the exterior of the components and place on a work bench.
- Before disassembling, drain gear oil from the reduction gear.
- Be sure to provide appropriate containers for draining fluids.
- · Use matching marks for easier reassembling.
- Be sure to use the specified special tools, when instructed.
- If a part or component cannot be removed after removing its securing nuts and bolts, do not attempt to remove it forcibly. Find the cause(s), then take the appropriate measures to remove it.
- Orderly arrange disassembled parts. Mark and tag them as necessary.
- Store common parts, such as bolts and nuts with reference to where they are to be used and in a manner that will prevent loss.
- Inspect the contact or sliding surfaces of disassembled parts for abnormal wear, sticking, or other damage.
- Measure and record the degree of wear and clearances.

#### **GENERAL / Precautions for Disassembling and Assembling**

#### · Precautions for Assembling

- Be sure to clean all parts and inspect them for any damage. If any damage is found, repair or replace part.
- Dirt or debris on the contact or sliding surfaces may shorten the service life of the machine. Take care not to contaminate any contact or sliding surfaces.
- Be sure to replace O-rings, backup rings, and oil seals with new ones once they are disassembled.
   Apply a film of grease before installing.
- Be sure that liquid-gasket-applied surfaces are clean and dry.
- If an anti-corrosive agent has been used on a new part, be sure to thoroughly clean the part to remove the agent.
- · Utilize matching marks when assembling.
- Be sure to use the designated tools to assemble bearings, bushings and oil seals.
- Keep a record of the number of tools used for disassembly/assembly. After assembling is complete, count the number of tools, so as to make sure that no forgotten tools remain in the assembled machine.

#### **Bleeding Air from Hydraulic System**

When hydraulic oil is drained, the suction filter or the suction lines are replaced, or the removal and installation of the pump, swing motor, travel motor or cylinder is done, bleed air from the hydraulic system in the following procedures:

IMPORTANT: If the engine is started with air trapped in the hydraulic pump housing, damage to the pump may result. If the hydraulic motor is operated with air trapped in the hydraulic motor housing, damage to the motor

If the cylinder is operated with air trapped in the cylinder tube, damage to the cylinder may result.

Be sure to bleed air before starting the engine.

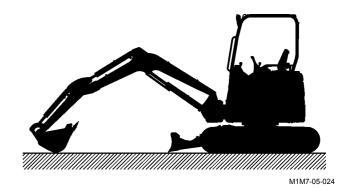
• Bleeding Air from Hydraulic Pump

may result.

- Remove the air bleeding plug from the top of the pump and fill the pump housing with hydraulic oil.
- After the pump housing is filled with hydraulic oil, temporarily tighten the plug. Then, start the engine and run at slow idle speed.
- Slightly loosen the plug to bleed air from the pump housing until hydraulic oil oozes out.
- · After bleeding all the air, securely tighten the plug.
- Bleeding Air from Travel Motor / Swing Motor
  - With the drain plug / hose on travel motor / swing motor removed, fill the motor case with hydraulic oil.

#### **GENERAL / Precautions for Disassembling and Assembling**

- Bleeding Air from Hydraulic Circuit
  - After refilling hydraulic oil, start the engine. While operating each cylinder, swing motor and travel motor evenly, operate the machine under light loads for 10 to 15 minutes. Slowly start each operation (never fully stroke the cylinders during initial operation stage). As the pilot oil circuit has an air bleed device, air trapped in the pilot oil circuit will be bled while performing the above operation for approx. 5 minutes.
  - Reposition the front attachment to check hydraulic oil level.
  - Stop the engine. Recheck hydraulic oil level. Replenish oil as necessary.



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