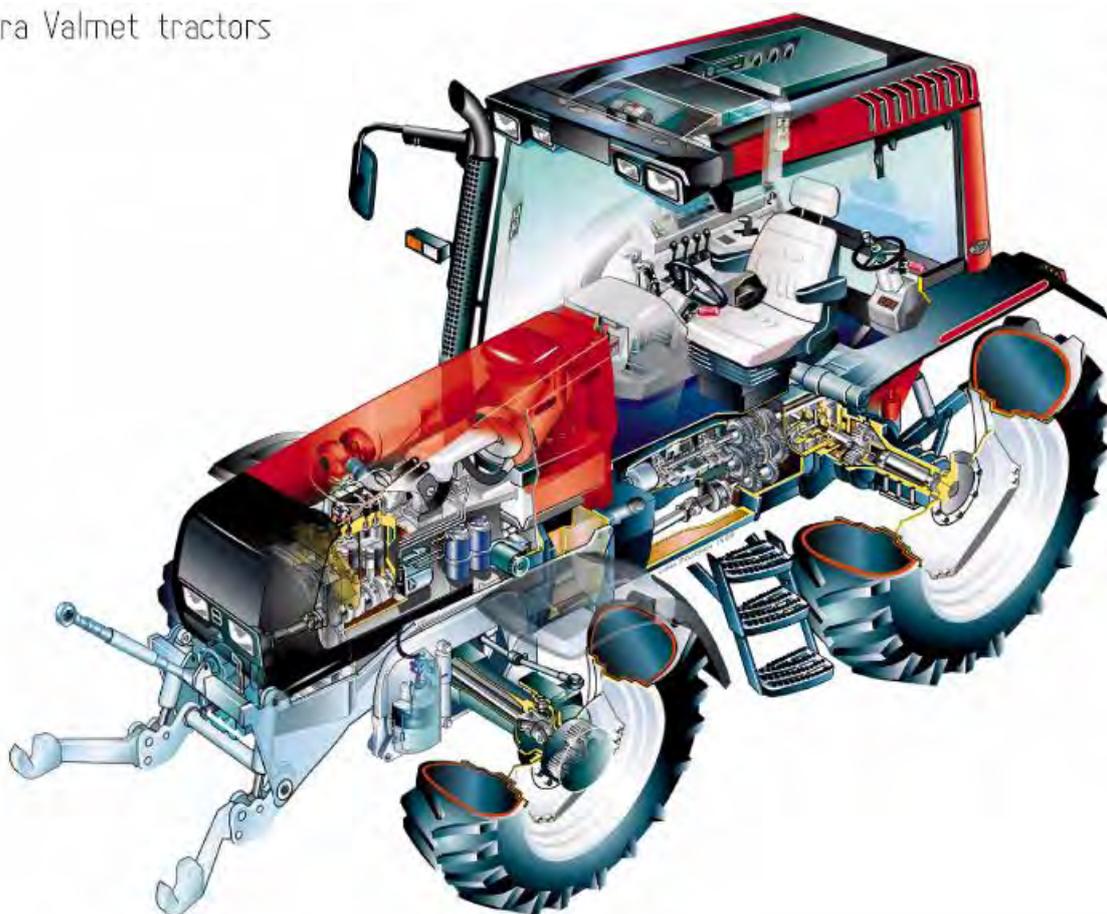


# VALTRA – VALMET MEGA MEZZO HI-TEC

Valtra Valmet tractors



## WORKSHOP MANUAL

# VALTRA

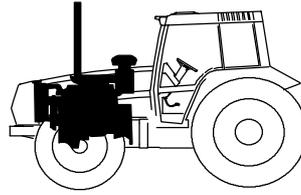
## Service Manual Tractors

Groups 10–100

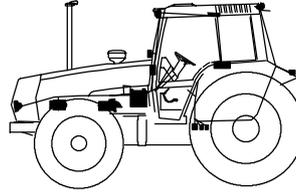
Valtra Inc.  
44200 Suolahti, Finland

Virtakäyttöön Käyttöohje  
Stromläsraße Arb. liss fram  
relä  
K3 20122001 K4

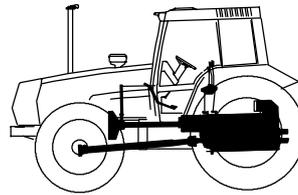
**10** General



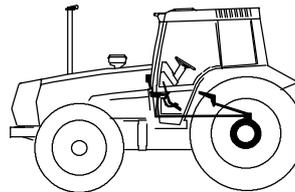
**20** Engine



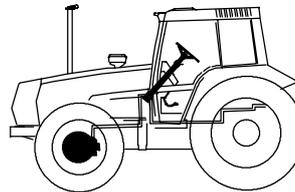
**30** Electrical system



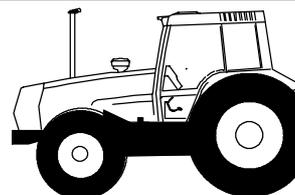
**40** Power transmission



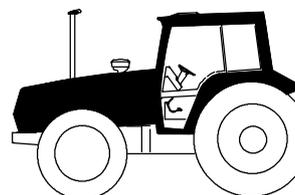
**50** Brake system



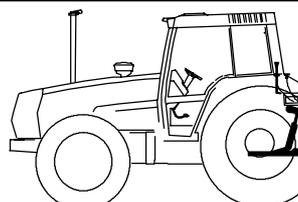
**60** Steering system and Front axle



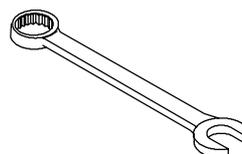
**70** Frame and Wheels



**80** Cab and Shields



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**100** Tools

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<b>22. Fuel system</b>	<del>1. 6. 1999</del>	Model	Code	Page
	1. 8. 2000	6000–8950	220	2

## Specifications, Bosch in–line injection pump

**Note!** Stanadyne rotary distributuon pump, see page 220/10.

### Bosch fuel injection pump

Type (pump/governor), 6000–8750 .....	Bosch PES...A/RSV
Type (pump/governor), 8950 .....	Bosch P–pump
Injection order:	
– 320 .....	1–2–3
– 420 .....	1–2–4–3
– 620, 634 .....	1–5–3–6–2–4
Direction of rotation .....	clockwise
Diameter of pump piston .....	9,5 mm (p: 12 mm)
Stroke .....	8 mm (p: 11 mm)
Injection advance:	
– 6100–6600 .....	19°
– 6800 .....	18°
– 8000, 8100 .....	23°
– 6000, 8400 .....	21°
– 8200 .....	22°
– 8750 .....	20°
– 8950 .....	13°
Oil fillings <sup>1)</sup> :	
– 320 .....	0,3 l
– 420 .....	0,4 l
– 620/634 .....	0,6 l

### Fuel feed pump

Type:	
– 320 .....	Bosch FP/KSG 24 AD 207
– 420, 620, 634 .....	Bosch FP/KEG 24 AD 504
Construction: piston pump, separate hand pump	
Fuel feed pressure (overflow valve opening pressure) .....	0,7–1,2 bar (70–120 kPa)
Pressure from fuel feed pump (without overflow valve) .....	2,7 bar (270 kPa)

### Injectors (see also page 220/15)

Type .....	five hole nozzle
<b>6000–8750:</b>	
– Opening pressure .....	230+10 bar (23 MPa)
– Setting pressure <sup>2)</sup> .....	240 bar (24 MPa)
<b>8950, 6300 (model year 2000), 6400 (model year 2000), 8400 (model year 2000):</b>	
– Opening pressure .....	270+8 bar (27 MPa)
– Setting pressure <sup>2)</sup> .....	278 bar (27,8 MPa)
Sealing ring .....	8999 01495

<sup>1)</sup> When fitting fuel injection pump.

<sup>2)</sup> Value to be used when adjusting the opening pressure of a new or used injector.

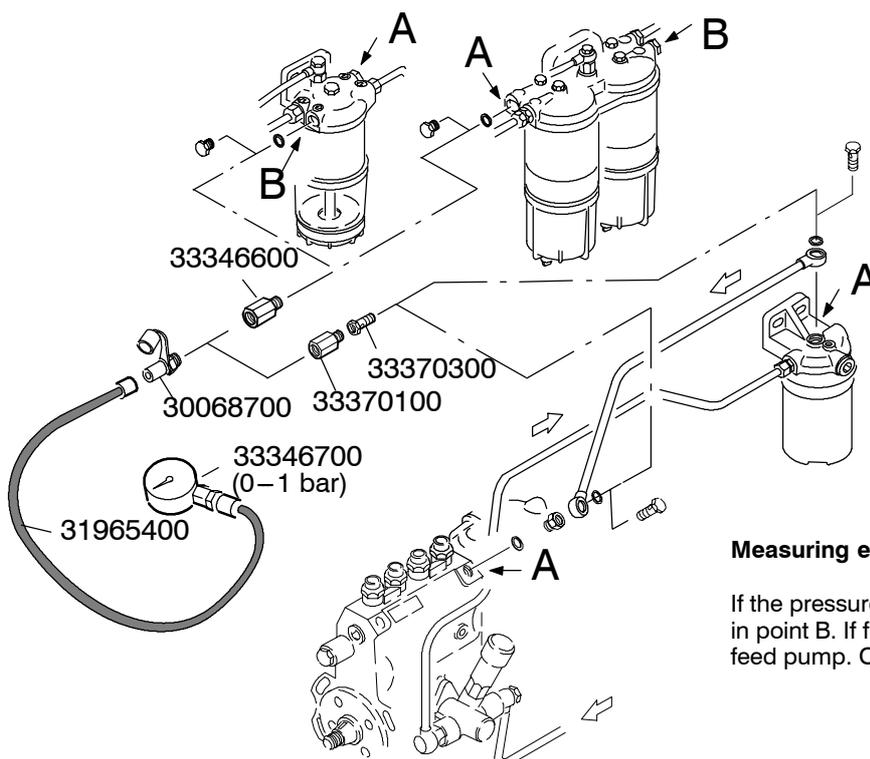
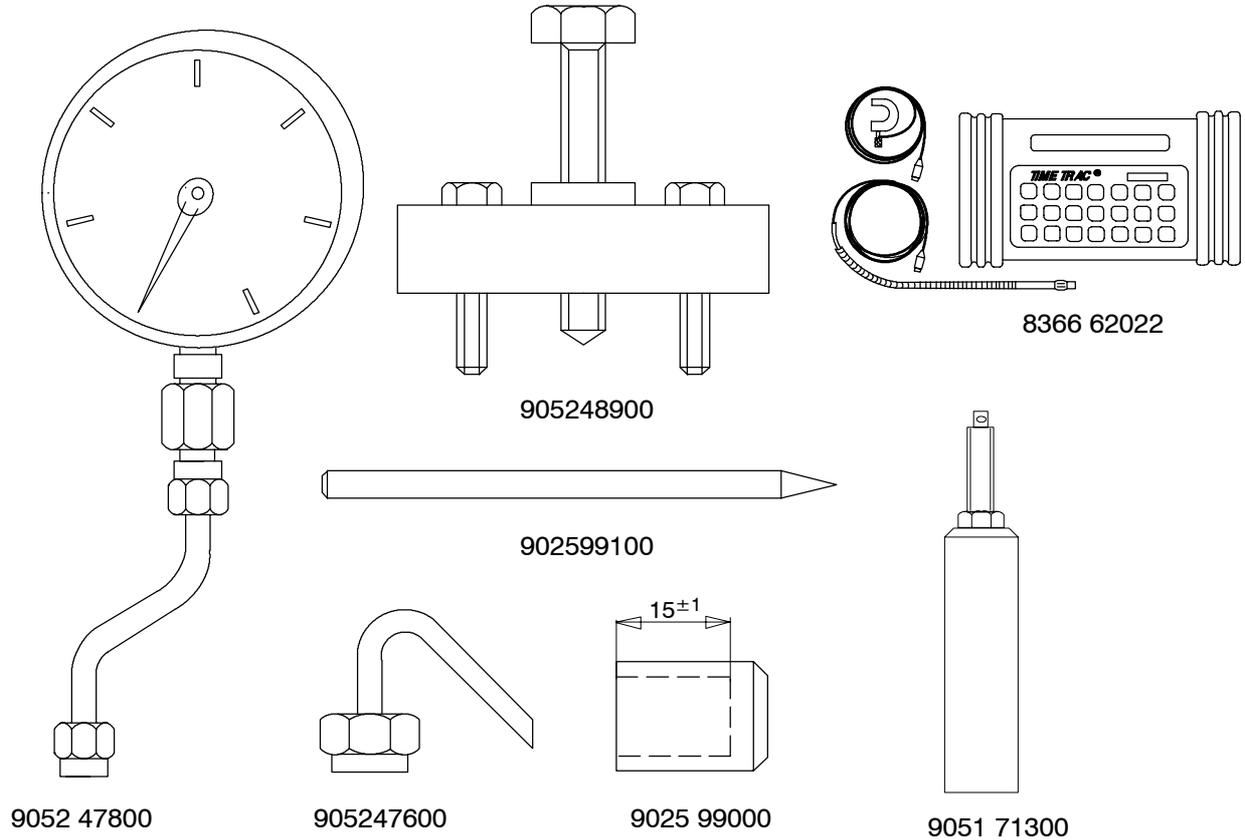
### Tightening torques

Injection pump gear nut .....	90 Nm
Delivery valve retainer .....	40 Nm
Injector nozzle sleeve .....	60 Nm
Injector attaching nuts (on studs) .....	15 Nm

## Special tools

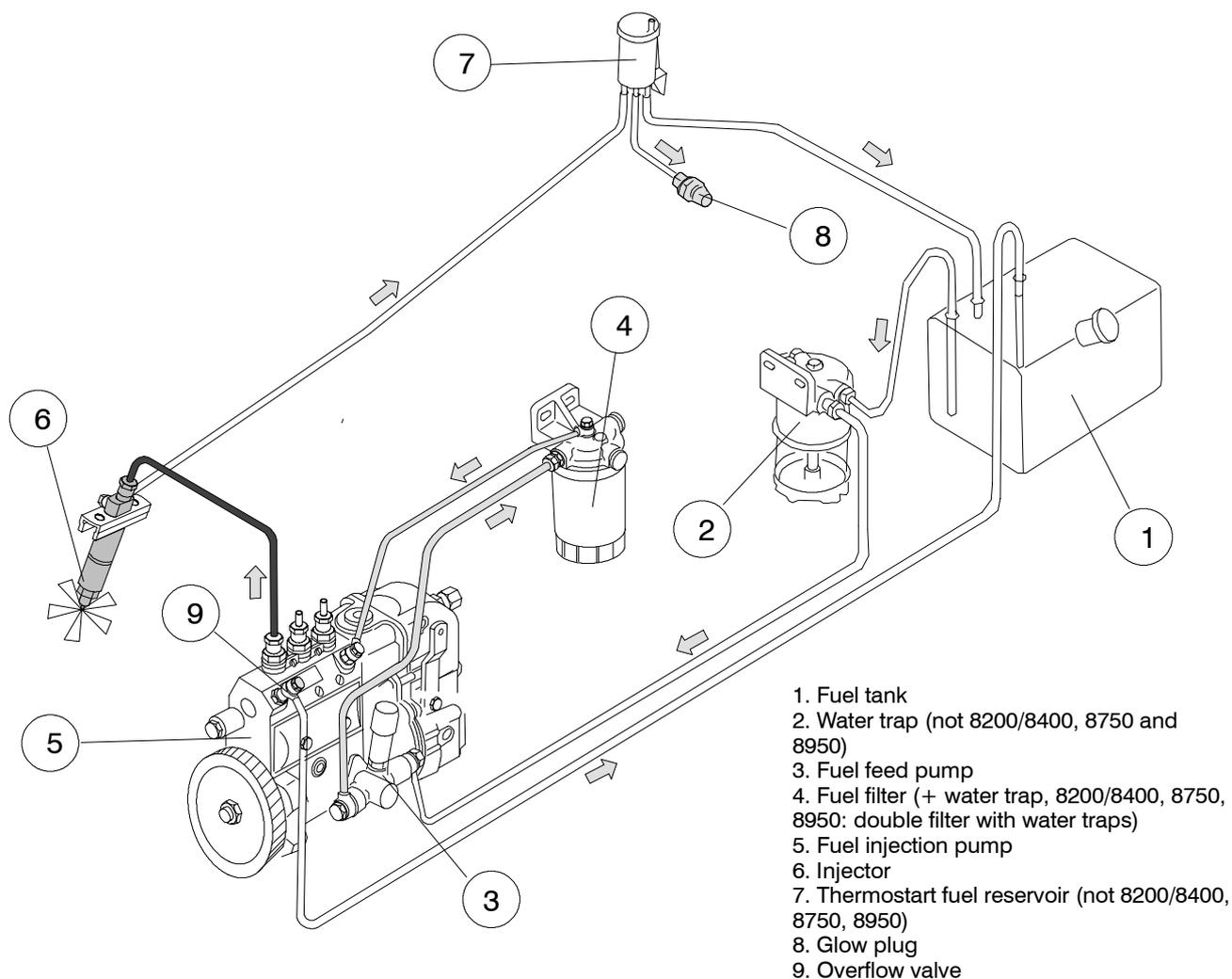
- 9052 47800 \*) Pressure gauge for checking delivery valve
- 9052 48900 \*) Puller for injection pump drive gear
- 9025 99100 \*) Locator for timing mark on the flywheel
- 9052 47600 \*) Control pipe for injection timing
- 9052 99000 \*) Sleeve for limiting control rod travel
- 9051 71300 \*) Extractor for injectors
- 8366 62022 Electronic device for checking injection timing (E–engines)

\*) Same tool as for fuel system on 505–905 tractors.



### Measuring equipment for fuel feed pressure:

If the pressure is too low in point A, check the pressure in point B. If further too low, the fault lies in the fuel feed pump. Otherwise the filter is blocked.



## Fuel system, description

Fuel feed pump (3) draws fuel from tank (1) through water trap (2) (not 8200, 8400, 8750, 8950) and forces it through filter (4) to fuel injection pump (5). The fuel injection pump pumps fuel at high pressure through the delivery pipes to injectors (6) which inject the fuel in the form of a fine mist into the combustion chamber.

Excess fuel lubricates the nozzle valve (needle) and flows in return through the thermostart device reservoir (7) (not 8200/8400, 8750, 8950) and then on to the fuel tank. When the thermostart is on (glowing) fuel runs from reservoir (7) through glow plug (8) and is ignited in the induction manifold. Excess fuel returns from the fuel injection pump through overflow valve (9) to the fuel tank.

**Important!** 8200/8400, 8750, 8950 has not the Thermostart fuel reservoir but fuel flows from the injectors to the injection pump overflow valve from where a pipe goes to the glow plug. 8200/8400, 8750 and 8950 tractors have a combined fuel filter and water trap.

## Maintenance

### Fuel filter:

– Change the fuel filter at intervals of 100 running hours or yearly.

### Water trap:

– Empty/clean the water trap at every 500 running hours.

### Fuel tank:

– Empty/clean the fuel tank at every 1000 running hours or yearly.

### Injectors

– Reconditioning of the injector should be carried out by an authorised workshop.

### Symptoms of dirty or faulty injectors are:

– Knocking is an indication that one of the injectors is faulty. When a cold engine ticks over a certain amount of knocking is unavoidable. If the engine knocks after it has reached normal operating temperature, it is very likely that one of the injectors is faulty. Air in the fuel system can also cause knocking (which should disappear after the system has been bled of air).

– Smoky exhaust gases may indicate impaired performance of the injectors. However, this can also be caused by other faults such as a blocked air cleaner.

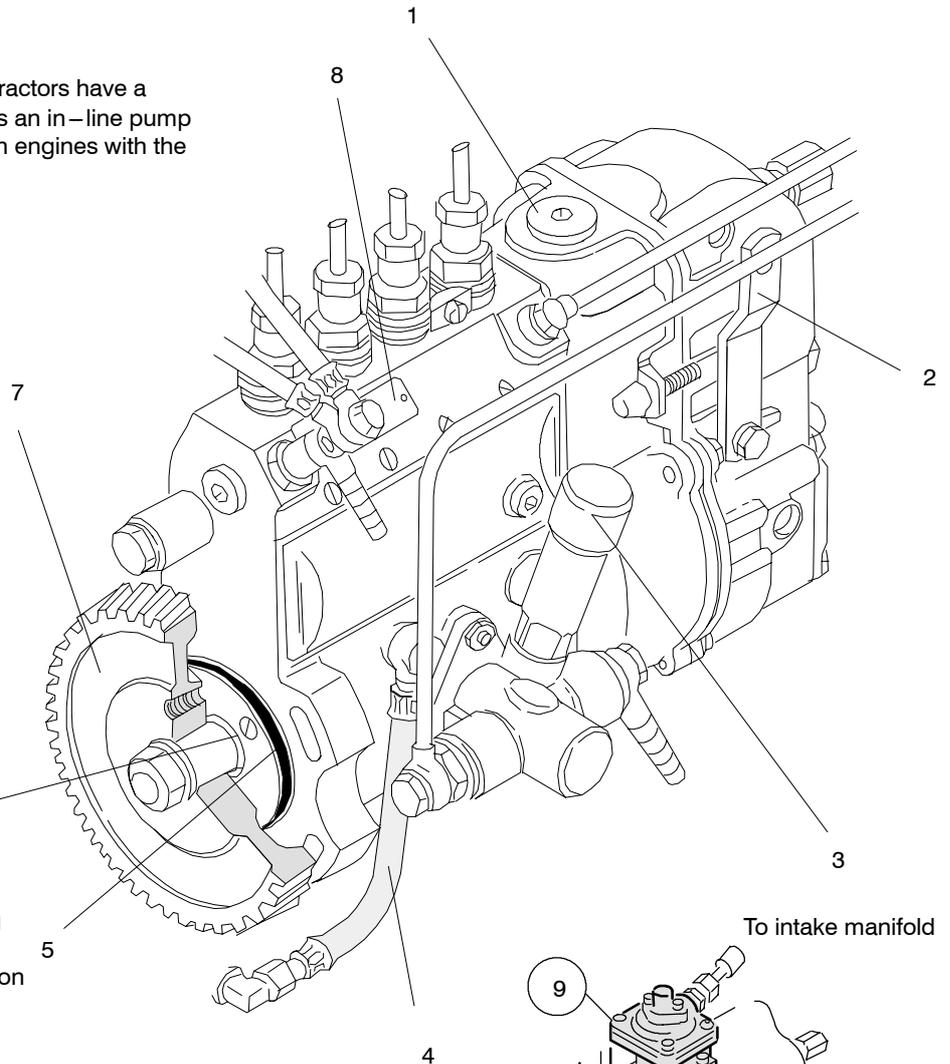
The fuel system should always be bled when the fuel system has been emptied (e.g. the fuel tank has been emptied during driving, in connection with maintenance or repair work or after a long idle period).

## Fuel injection pump

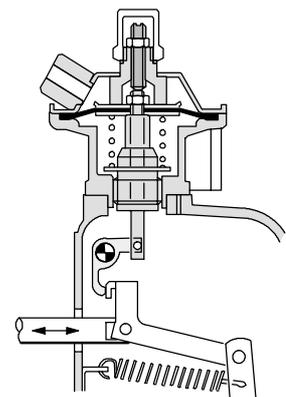
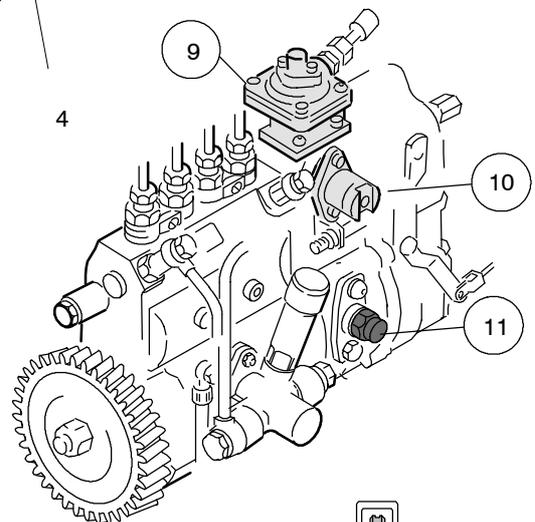
Valmet 6000–8400, 8750 and 8950 tractors have a Bosch–make injection pump which is an in–line pump and its basic construction is similar on engines with the different number of cylinders.

### Fuel injection pump

1. Oil filling plug
2. Governor control lever
3. Hand pump on fuel feed pump
4. Lubricating oil into injection pump
5. O–ring
6. Return of lubricating oil to engine
7. Drive gear
8. Type plate
9. Boost control (6800, 8750, 8950)
10. Forced–feed solenoid for starting (6800, 8750, 8950)
11. Indicator plug for adjusting injection timing (6800, 8750, 8950 + all latest tractors, which have a new governor)



To intake manifold

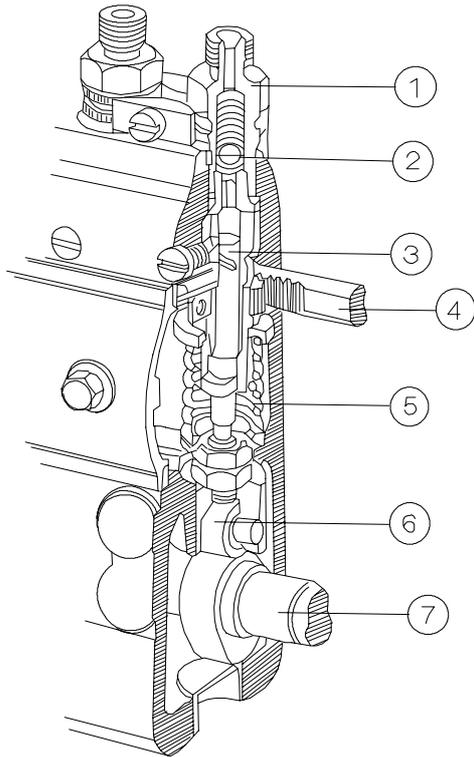


Boost control

The fuel injection pump is flange mounted and sealed by one o–ring (5) in the timing gear casing. The injection pump is driven from the crankshaft through an idler gear. The injection pump is connected to the engine force–feed lubrication system through an external pipe (4). Lubricating oil returns to the engine via the hole (6) at the front end of the injection pump.

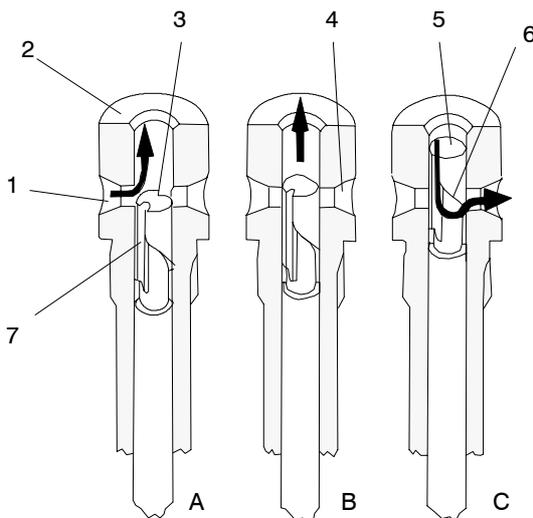
The fuel feed pressure which fills the high pressure pump elements with fuel is created by a piston pump which is attached to the side of the fuel injection pump. The piston pump is driven from an eccentric on the camshaft of the injection pump. The fuel feed pump supplies more fuel than the injection pump needs. The excess fuel flows through the overflow valve back to the fuel tank. The fuel cools the injection pump and also takes any air bubbles with it back to the tank.

**Note!** 6800, 8750 (SigmaPower) and 8950 (SigmaPower) tractors have a boost control (9), which is connected via a hose to the engine intake manifold. The boost control adjusts injected fuel amount to the cylinders according to the supercharging pressure in the engine intake manifold. In addition, these tractors have a forced–feed solenoid for starting (10) on the fuel injection pump, see page 223/9. Adjusting injection timing on 6800, 8750 and 8950, see page 223/8.



1. Retainer for delivery valve
2. Delivery valve
3. Pump element
4. Control rod
5. Return spring for pump plunger
6. Roller tappet
7. Camshaft

The purpose of the fuel injection pump is to meter out fuel to the combustion chamber at the correct time. Plunger (3) which is driven by the pump camshaft (7) via roller tappet (6) forces the fuel through delivery valve (2) and further through the delivery pipe to the injector.



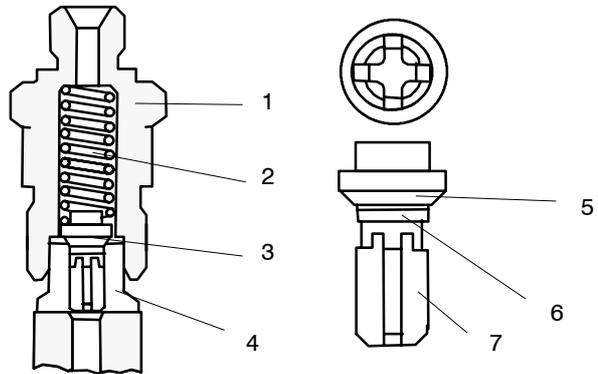
**Two-hole pump element** (maximum feed)

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. Bottom dead centre</li> <li>B. Fuel injection begins</li> <li>C. Fuel injection ends</li> </ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Inlet passage</li> <li>2. Cylinder</li> <li>3. Starting groove</li> <li>4. Release passage</li> <li>5. Plunger</li> <li>6. Metering edge</li> <li>7. Vertical groove</li> </ol> |
|---|---|

The pump element consists of one plunger and one cylinder which are a matched pair and because of the fine tolerances the whole element should be changed as a complete unit.

The cylinder has two passages: inlet passage and release passage. Both passages allow fuel to enter the pressure space. The side of the plunger has one vertical groove and one metering edge which are used for adjusting the amount of fuel injected into the combustion chamber of the engine.

The top of the plunger is provided with a starting groove (delay groove) which delays the injection timing by approx. 8°. (This should be borne in mind when checking the fuel injection timing). This groove improves the cold starting properties of the engine. It works fully automatically. When the engine has stopped the control rod in the injection pump turns the plungers so that the starting groove faces towards the release passage. When the engine has started and when the injection pump has reached a certain speed, the governor pulls the control rod back into running position.

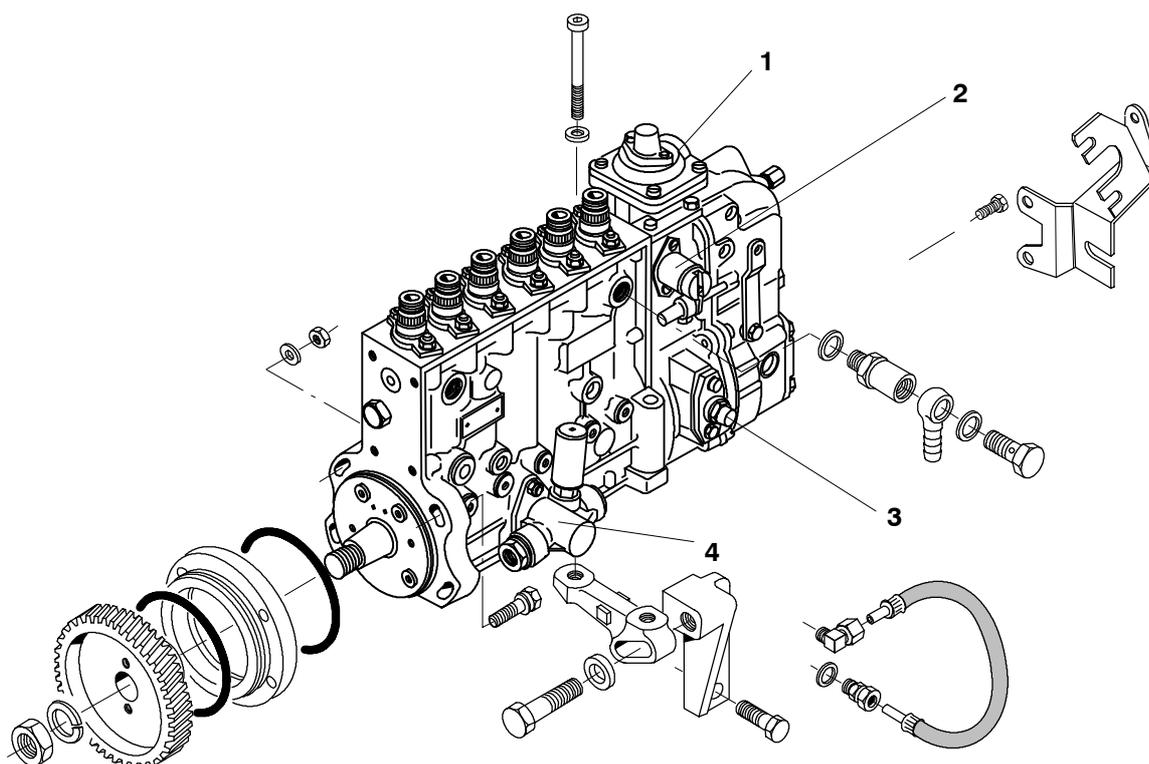


**Delivery valve**

1. Holder for delivery valve
2. Valve spring
3. Valve cone
4. Valve guide
5. Valve head
6. Pressure-reducing piston
7. Vertical grooves

The delivery valve is fitted on top of the pump element and its purpose is to close the connection between the pump element and the delivery pipe. This happens when the metering edge of the plunger passes the lower edge of the release passage, thus reducing the pressure in the space above the plunger. Its second purpose is to reduce the pressure in the delivery pipe. This is important as it enable the nozzle valve (needle) to close more quickly.

Delivery valve cone contains a pressure-reducing piston which, when the valve closes, is first lowered into the guide and then closes the connection between the delivery pipe and the pump element. The valve head is then pressed against its seat and the fuel in the delivery pipe is given the same space as the displacement of the pressure-reducing piston.



### Fuel injection pump (Bosch P-pump) on 8950 tractor.

#### 1. Boost control (for SigmaPower system)

Function is similar to the boost control on 6800 and 8750 tractors, see page 223/9.

#### 2. Forced feed solenoid for starting

Function is similar to 6800 and 8750 tractors' solenoid, see page 223/9.

#### 3. Plug for injection timing behind the cover

Injection advance is adjusted according to instr. on page 223/8

#### 4. Fuel feed pump

**Note!** Adjusting values are shown on page 220/8B.

**IMPORTANT!** The type of 8950-tractor's fuel injection pump has been changed with effect from engine no. **J18597**. Simultaneously the gas lever position sensor bracket and the lever (17 mm outer) have been changed.

### Checking electric stop solenoid (Elet-trostart)

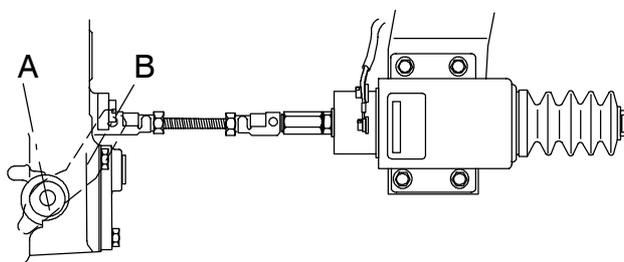
A. Running position

B. Stop position

It is important for function of the double coil solenoid (pulling and holding coil), that the piston reaches the extreme position in every stroke. The piston presses the internal switch, which connects continuous current to the holding coil which eliminates the overheating danger of the solenoid.

1. Energize the solenoid and adjust the loose lever system so that the fuel injection pump lever reaches the extreme positions in its course, see picture. The solenoid is energized during engine running.

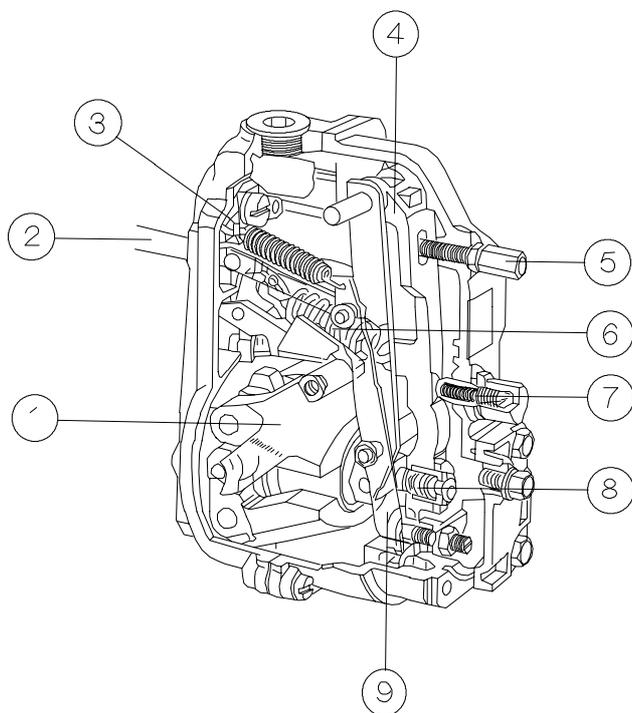
**Note!** Energize the solenoid with a battery of a correct voltage and keep the solenoid energized while adjusting.



#### Technical values:

Voltage	12 V
Pulling coil	41 A
Holding coil	0,5 A
Max. stroke	40 mm

## Governor

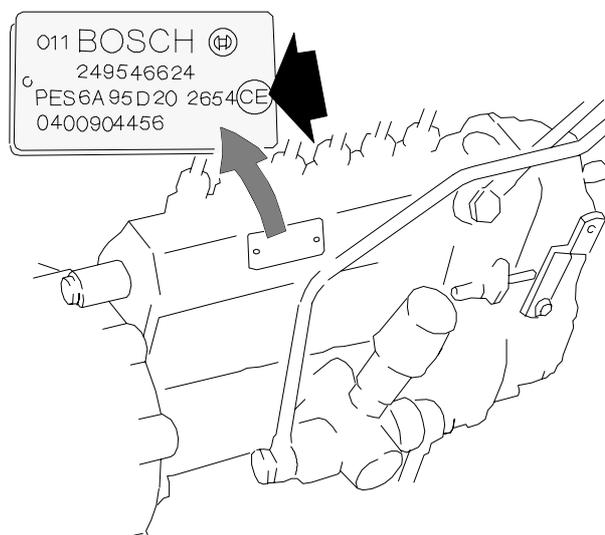


1. Governor weight
2. Control rod
3. Starting spring
4. Main lever
5. Idler screw
6. Governor spring
7. Additional spring, idling
8. Spring for equalizer
9. Governor control arm

The governor is of the centrifugal type and is fitted at the rear end of the injection pump. The governor controls the rotational speed of the engine throughout the whole speed range, and identifies the rotational speed by means of the governor weights. The position of the governor control and of the governor weights is transferred through the governor lever linkage to the control rod. The governor has one governor spring. Starter spring, which is attached to the upper end of the control lever, it pulls the control rod to the starting position when the engine stops. This means that the amount of fuel injected when the engine is started automatically becomes greater.

## Fuel injection pump type plate (Bosch in-line pumps)

The injection pump type plate shows one particular letter indicating the user application, see figure below. This letter should always be quoted when ordering a replacement pump or when looking for setting values.



The letters for different pumps on 6000–8950 tractors can be found in the tables on pages **220/8, 8B**.

22. Fuel system	<del>1. 8. 2000</del>	Model	Code	Page
	1. 9. 2002	6000–6800	220	8

## Table of the fuel metering 6000–6800 (3 and 4 cyl.)

Test equipment ISO 4008, Fluid ISO 4113  
 Nozzle ISO 7440 207 bar/0,60 orifice plate  
 Pipe diam. ø6x2x600 ISO 4093

Engine type	Tractor	Injection pump	Governor	Pump timing °	Injected amount mm <sup>3</sup> / stroke		RW mm	Boost control pressure bar	Control rod at least 1 mm rpm	Control rod pos. 4 mm rpm
					Max. output r/min	Low idling r/min				
420 D	6000	PES 4A 95 D 320 RS 2806 / BE	RSV 375–1175 A2C 2178–7R	21° 2350 750	1150 1000 900 600 375	77–78 11–15	10,0±0,2 +0,4...0,5 +0,8...0,9 +0,8...0,9 4,2±0,3	–	1195– 1205	1270– 1285
320 DS	6100	PES 3A 95 D 320 RS 2810 /C	RSV 375–1150 A2C 2178–10R	19° 2300 750	1150 1000 800 500 375	101–103 13–16	12,3±0,2 +0,1–0,2 +0,3–0,4 +0,3–0,4 4,4±0,3	–	1170– 1190	1240– 1260
420 DS 62,5 kW	6300	PES 4A 95 D 320 RS 2807 / B	RSV 375–1125 A2C 2178–7R	19° 2225 750	1100 1000 900 500 375	81–83 11–151	10,7±0,2 +0,2...0,4 +0,4...0,6 +0,4...0,6 4,2–4,5	–	1130– 1150	1190– 1220
420 DS 66 kW	6300 K41309– L23437	PES 4A 95 D 320 RS 2807 / DM	RSV 375–1175 A2C 2178–7R	19° 2270 850	1100 1040 700 500 425	97–99 99–101 12–14	12,3±0,2 12,4±0,2 13,0±0,2 13,0±0,2 5,1±0,3	–	1130	1210– 1215
420 DS	6400	PES 4A 95 D 320 RS 2807	RSV 375–1125 A2C 2178–7R	19° 2225 750	1100 1000 900 500 375	91–93 11–15	11,4±0,2 +0,3–0,4 +0,5–0,6 +0,5–0,6 4,2–4,5	–	1135– 1145	1210– 1230
420 DW 70 kW	6400 Delta J17109–	PES 4A 95D 320 RS 2807 /CH	RSV 375–1125 A2C 2178–7R	°19° 2225 750	1100 1000 900 500 375	102–104 11–15	13,0±0,2 13,2±0,2 13,7±0,2 13,7±0,2 4,2–4,5	–	1135– 1145	1210– 1230
420 DW 73,5 kW	6400 Delta (2000) K41106– L14332	PES 4A 95D 320 RS 2807 /DL	RSV 375–1125 A2C 2178–7R	°19° 2200 850	1100 1040 900 700 425	101–103 104–106 109–111 109–111 11–13	12,8±0,2 13,2±0,2 13,3±0,2 13,3±0,2 4,3	–	1120– 1130	1210– 1220
420 DS	6600	PES 4A 95 D 320 RS 2807 /A	RSV 375–1125 A2C 2178–7R	19° 2225 750	1100 1000 900 800 500 375	101–103 11–15	12,5±0,2 ±0,2 +0,4 +0,5 ±0,5 4,2–4,5	–	1140– 1150	1200– 1220
420 DWI	6800	PES 4A 95D 320 RS 2847 /E	RSV 375–1200 A5C 2268 R	°18° 2225 850	1100 1000 800 600 500 375	113–115 94–96 11–15	13,4±0,2 13,7±0,2 14,0±0,2 14,0±0,2 12,7±0,2 3,8±0,2	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 0 0	1130	1180– 1210

<b>22. Fuel system</b>	<del>1. 8. 2000</del>	Model	Code	Seite
	1. 9. 2002	<b>8000–8950</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>8B</b>

## Table of the fuel metering, 8000–8950 (6 cyl.)

Test equipment ISO 4008. Fluid ISO 4113. Nozzle ISO 7440 207 bar/0,60 orifice plate. Pipe diam.  $\varnothing 6 \times 2 \times 600$  ISO 4093.

Engine type	Tractor	Injection pump	Governor	Pump timing °	Injected amount mm <sup>3</sup> / stroke		RW mm	Boost control pressure bar	Control rod at least 1 mm rpm	Control rod pos. 4 mm rpm
					Max. output r/min	Low idling r/min				
620 D	<b>8000</b>	PES 6A 95 D 320 RS 2806 / F	RSV 325–1125 A0C 2178–8R	23° 2220 750	1100 950 700 325	64–66  13–16	7,8±0,2 8,5±0,2 9,0±0,2 4,2±0,2	–	1150– 1160	1190– 1210
620 D	<b>8100</b>	PES 6A 95 D 320 RS 2806	RSV 375–1150 A2C 2178 8R	23° 2225 750	1100 980 800 500 375	77–79  12–15	9,0±0,1 +0,3...0,4 +0,8...0,9 +0,8...0,9 4,0±0,2	–	1130– 1150	1180– 1200
634D	<b>8200</b>	PES 6A 95 D 320 RS 2806 /EG	RSV 500–1125 A0C 2178–8R	22° 2225 750	1100 1000 900 800 750 600 375	86–88  11–13	10,0±0,2 10,1+0,2 10,3+0,2 10,4+0,2 10,5+0,2 10,5+0,2 4,0±0,2	–	1130	1190– 1210
620 DS 103 kW	<b>8400</b> –K34331	PES 6A 95 D 320 RS 2806 /G	RSV 325–1125 A0C 2178–8R	21° 2200 750	1100 1000 900 700 375	84–86  13–16	9,8±0,2 10,0±0,2 10,2±0,2 10,5±0,2 4,2±0,2	–	1120– 1130	1180– 1200
620 DS 110 kW	<b>8400</b> K32135– L33320	PES 6A 95 D 320 RS 2806 /AF	RSV 325–1125 A0C 2178–8R	21° 2200 850	1100 1040 900 700 425	103–105 104–106  102–104 8–10	12,3±0,2 12,3±0,2 12,3±0,2 12,3±0,2 3,6±0,2	–	1120– 1130	1205– 1225
620 DSIE 118 kW	<b>8400</b> L23130–	PES 6A 95D 320 RS 2832 / AH	RSV 500 – 1100 A 5 C 2269 – R	19° 2200 850	1100 1040 750  500 LDA 500 500 425	93–95 94–96 99–101  –  82 10–15	10,5...10,9 10,5...10,9 11,3...11,7 11,3...11,7  11,4...11,5 10,5...10,9 4,1...4,7	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0  0,35 0,0	1130	1210– 1220
634 DS	<b>8750</b>	PES 6A 95D 320 RS 2848 /C	RSV 500–1100 A5C 2269 R	°20° 2200 750	1100 1000 800 700 LDA 500 500 500 1100 500	128–130     108–110 12–15	13,7±0,2 13,9±0,2 14,1±0,2 14,1±0,2  13,9±0,2 3,6±0,2 11,8±0,2 11,8±0,2 4,0±0,5	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0  0,60 0,40 0,0 0,0 –	1115	1180– 1200
634 DSBIE	<b>8950</b>	PES 6P 120 320 RS 3382 /E (Tractor.no: –J49321)  PES 6P 120 320 RS 3414 (Tractor.no: J49322–)	RSV 425 –1100 POA 669	°13° 2200 900	1100 1000 700 600 LDA 500 500 500  450	133–134  142–144   146 111 107  10–12	10,0±0,2 10,2±0,2 10,2±0,2 10,2±0,2  10,5±0,2 9,3±0,2 9,2±0,2  4,0±0,5	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0  0,75 0,50 0,0 –	1120	1180– 1190

<b>22. Fuel system</b>	<del>1. 8. 2000</del>	Model	Code	Page
	1. 9. 2002	<b>6000–8950</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>9</b>

## Table of fuel equipment parts 6000–8950

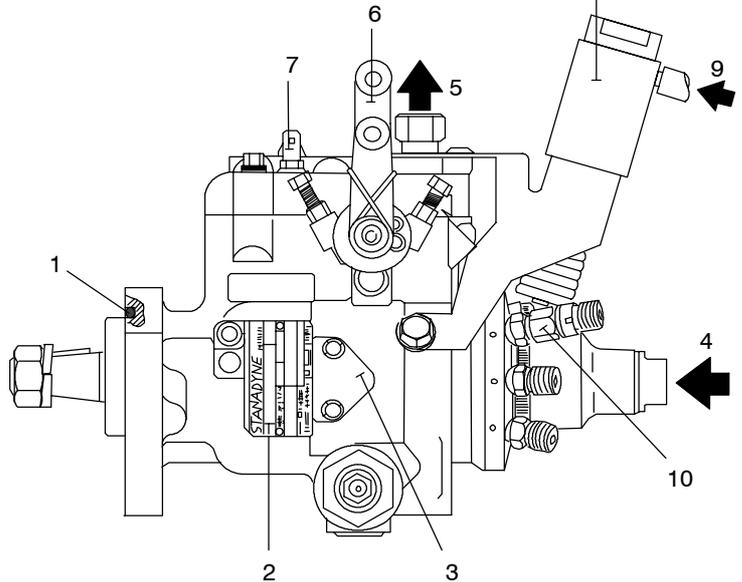
Engine/Tractor	Injection pump	Element	Delivery valve	Governor spring	Injector compl.	Nozzle	Nozzle holder
420 D Valmet <b>6000</b>	8367 40392	8353 31161	8353 39126	8353 31163	8366 39956 / –	8366 39957	8366 39971
320 DS Valmet <b>6100</b>	8366 40199	8353 31161	8353 39126	8353 31163	8366 39956 / –	8366 39957	8366 39971
420 DS (62,5 kW) Valmet <b>6300</b>	8367 40174	8353 31161	8353 39126	8353 31163	8366 39956 / –	8366 39957	8366 39971
420 DS (66 kW) Valmet <b>6300</b> K41309–L23437	8367 54903	8353 31161	8353 39126	8353 31163	8366 59808 / 358	8366 59902	8366 39971
420 DS Valmet <b>6400</b>	8367 40157	8353 31161	8353 39126	8353 31163	8366 39956 / –	8366 39957	8366 39971
420 DW (70 kW) Valmet <b>6400DW</b> J17109–	8367 54552	8353 31161	8353 39126	8353 31163	8366 39956 / –	8366 39957	8366 39971
420 DW (73,5 kW) Valmet <b>6400DW</b> K41106–L23505	8367 54902	8353 31161	8353 39126	8353 31163	8366 59808 / 358	8366 59902	8366 39971
420 DS Valmet <b>6600</b>	8367 40173	8353 31161	8353 39126	8353 31163	8366 39956 / –	8366 39957	8366 39971
420 DWI Valmet <b>6800</b>	8367 54640	8353 31161	8353 39126	8367 54532	8366 39956 / –	8366 39957	8366 39971
620 D Valmet <b>8000</b>	8368 40210	8353 31161	8353 39126	8353 31780	8366 39956 / –	8366 39957	8366 39971
620 D Valmet <b>8100</b>	8368 40158	8353 31161	8353 39126	8353 31780	8366 39956 / –	8366 39957	8366 39971
634 D Valmet <b>8200</b>	8368 54570	8353 31161	8353 39126	8353 31780	8366 39956 / –	8366 39957	8366 39971
620 DS (103 kW) Valmet <b>8400</b> –K34331	8368 40395	8353 31161	8353 39126	8353 31780	8366 39956 / –	8366 39957	8366 39971
620 DS (110 kW) Valmet <b>8400</b> K32135–L33320	8368 54884	8353 31161	8353 39126	8353 31780	8368 54831 / 446	8368 54832	8366 39971
620 DSIE (118 kW) Valtra <b>8400</b> L23130–	8368 54939	8353 31161	8353 39126	8367 54532	8368 54940 / 301	8368 54941	8368 54756
634 DS Valmet <b>8750.</b>	8368 54670	8353 31161	8353 39126	8367 54532	8366 39956 / –	8366 39957	8366 39971
634 DSBIE Valmet <b>8950</b>	8368 54767 (Tractor.no: –J49321)  8368 54840 (Tractor.no: J49322–)	8353 54638	8353 30239	8368 64618	8368 54791 / –	8368 54792	8368 54756

## Specifications with Stanadyne distributor pump

**Note!** 6200, 8000R, 8050, 8150, 8450 and 8550 (also latest 6300 and 6400 from week 24/01 incl.) tractors have Stanadyne distributor pump. Also 6250Hi–8550 Hi tractors have this pump. The pump is equipped with an electric running solenoid (ignition switch stop) and with an automatic bleeding system. Stanadyne pump internal lubrication happens with aid of fuel. A separate fuel feed pump is of a membrane type and it is driven by the engine camshaft. The system includes also the Therrmostart glow plug.

**Picture.** Stanadyne distributor pump

1. Sealing ring 8368 40858
2. Type plate with pump order number (see page 220/14)
3. Timing marks under the cover
4. Fuel inlet
5. Return fuel/overflow valve
6. Revolution lever
7. Connector for wire to electric stop solenoid
8. Aneroid (E–engines)
9. Boost pressure (E–engines)
10. Detector ring for injection timing (E–engines)



### Stanadyne distributor pump

Type:

- 6200, 6300 and 6400 (24/01 –), 6250Hi–6850Hi ..... DB4 (four pressure plungers)
- 8000R ..... DB4 (four pressure plungers)
- 8050 ..... DB 2 (two pressure plungers)
- 8150–8550 ..... DB 4 (four pressure plungers)

Injection order:

- 420–engines ..... 1–2–4–3
- 620/634–engines ..... 1–5–3–6–2–4

Direction of rotation

Clockwise

Injection advance, see page 220/14:

Tightening torque of pump gear wheel nut ..... 90 Nm

### Fuel feed pump

Construction ..... membrane pump, separate hand pump

Fuel feed pressure (static) ..... 0,48 bar (48 kPa)

Fuel feed pressure at test point ..... 0,2–0,5 bar

### Injectors (see also page 220/15).

Type ..... five hole nozzle

Opening pressure ..... see page 220/15

Setting pressure <sup>1)</sup> ..... see page 220/15

Sealing ring ..... nro 8999 01495

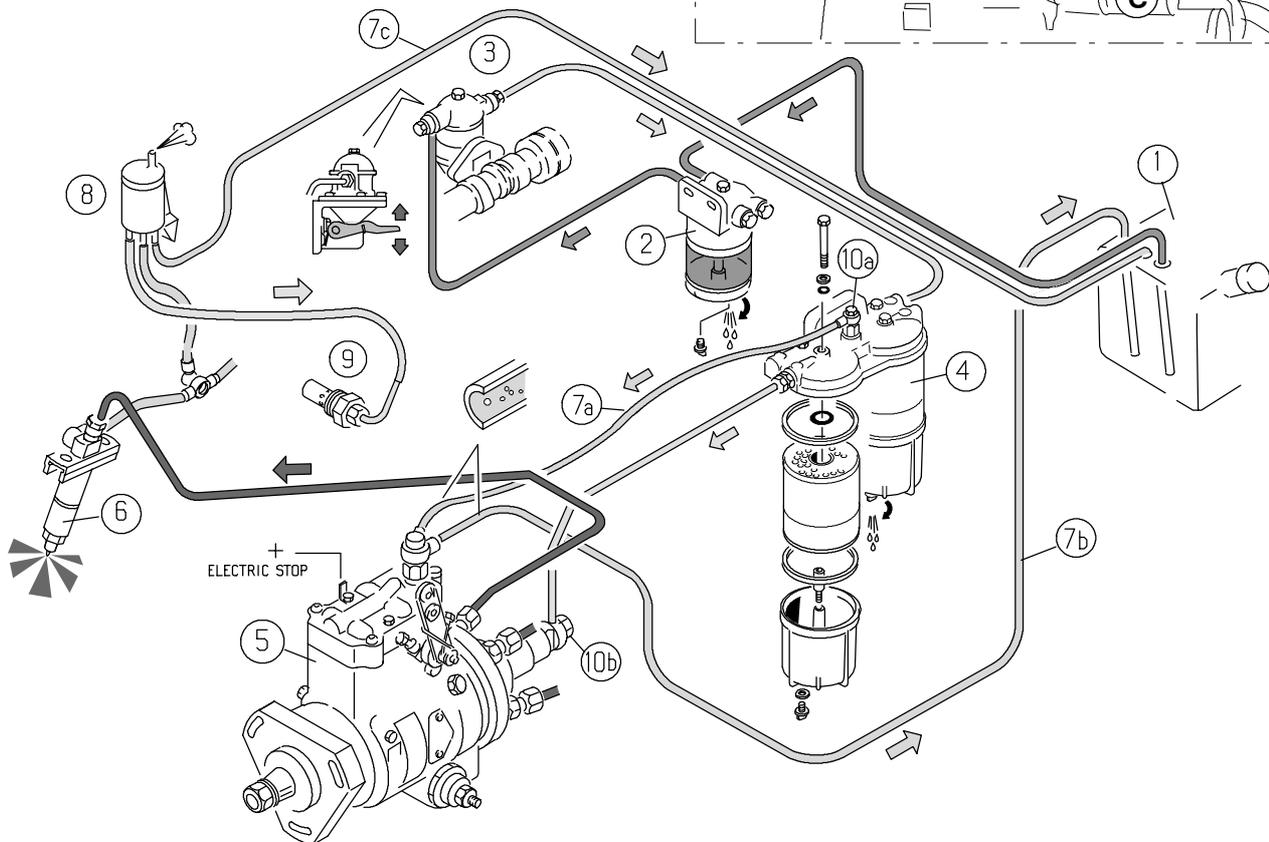
Injector nozzle sleeve, tightening torque ..... 60 Nm

Injector attaching nuts (on studs) ..... 15 Nm

<sup>1)</sup> Value to be used when adjusting the opening pressure of a new or used injector.

## Fuel system with distributor pump

1. Fuel tank
2. Water trap. 6200, 6900, 6300, 6400, 8000R and HiTech tractors have a different water trap.
3. Fuel feed pump
4. Fuel filter
5. Distributor pump
6. Injector
- 7a,b,c. Return fuel to tank
8. Thermostart reservoir
9. Glow plug
- 10a, b. Bleeding screws



6200, 6900, 8000R, 6300–6400 from week 24/01 incl.  
All HiTech models. All latest Mezzo/Mega

In this fuel system, there is a separate fuel feed pump (3) on the RH side of the engine.

The system includes a separate water trap (2) and two fuel filters (4). The lower parts of the fuel filter housings have a space for possible impurities and there is a draining tap under both filter housings.

The fuel feed pump has a washable metal gauze filter. There is also a tapered metal net filter inside the distributor pump in the inlet line before the pump transfer pump.

**Important!** 6200, 6900, 8000R and all HiTech tractors have a Stanadyne water trap, which also includes a filter. There is a draining tap (B) in the bottom of the housing. Before emptying this water trap, slacken the bleeding screw (A). After emptying, close the screws and pump fuel with the feed pump (C) lever, until the water trap is full of fuel. The Stanadyne water trap filter loosens, when securing band (D) is rotated for hand and the filter is pulled downwards. When fitting a new filter, rotate the securing band until it locks the filter (click).

### Maintenance

- Check/empty the water trap weekly/at every 50 running hours.
- Open and clean the water trap at every 500 running hours (does not concern 6200 and 8000R tractors). At the same time open the taps under both fuel filter housings and allow possible impurities to run out.
- Clean the fuel tank at every 1000 running hours/yearly and change the fuel filters (6200, 8000R: also change the water trap filter).
- Check/clean injectors at every 2000 running hours/every other year. Faulty injectors cause knocking, smoky exhaust gases and loss of engine power.

**Note!** When the water trap has been emptied, refill it with fuel by pumping with the fuel feed pump (3) lever. After changing the fuel filters, bleed the fuel system, see page 223/11.

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